



General Assembly

**Substitute Bill No. 566**

February Session, 2004

\* \_\_\_\_\_SB00566PH\_\_\_\_\_031804\_\_\_\_\_\*

**AN ACT CONCERNING THE QUALITY OF HEALTH CARE.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 19a-127n of the general statutes, as amended by  
2 section 123 of public act 03-278, is repealed and the following is  
3 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2004*):

4 (a) (1) For purposes of this section, an "adverse event" means [an  
5 injury that was caused by or is associated with medical management  
6 and that results in death or measurable disability. Such events shall  
7 also include those sentinel events for which remediation plans are  
8 required by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Healthcare  
9 Organizations] any event that is identified on the National Quality  
10 Forum's List of Serious Reportable Events or on a list compiled by the  
11 Commissioner of Public Health and adopted as regulations pursuant  
12 to subsection (d) of this section; and "corrective action plan" means a  
13 plan that implements strategies that reduce the risk of similar adverse  
14 events occurring in the future, and measures the effectiveness of such  
15 strategies by addressing the implementation, oversight and time lines  
16 of such strategies.

17 (2) The commissioner shall review the list of adverse events  
18 periodically, but not less than annually, to ascertain whether any  
19 additions, deletions or modifications to the list are necessary.

20 [(b) Adverse events shall be classified into the following categories:

21 (1) "Class A adverse event" means an event that has resulted in or is  
22 associated with a patient's death or the immediate danger of death;

23 (2) "Class B adverse event" means an event that has resulted in or is  
24 associated with a patient's serious injury or disability or the immediate  
25 danger of serious injury or disability;

26 (3) "Class C adverse event" means an event that has resulted in or is  
27 associated with the physical or sexual abuse of a patient; and

28 (4) "Class D adverse event" means an adverse event that is not  
29 reported under subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive, of this subsection.]

30 [(c)] (b) On and after October 1, 2002, a hospital or outpatient  
31 surgical facility shall report adverse events to the Department of Public  
32 Health [on Class A, B and C adverse events] as follows: (1) [A verbal  
33 report shall be made not later than twenty-four hours after the adverse  
34 event occurred; (2) a] A written report shall be submitted not later than  
35 [seventy-two hours] seven days after the adverse event occurred; and  
36 [(3)] (2) a corrective action plan shall be filed not later than seven days  
37 after the adverse event occurred. Emergent reports, as defined in the  
38 regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, shall be  
39 made to the department immediately. Failure to implement a  
40 corrective action plan may result in disciplinary action by the  
41 Commissioner of Public Health, pursuant to section 19a-494.

42 [(d) A hospital or outpatient surgical facility shall report to the  
43 Department of Public Health on Class D adverse events on a quarterly  
44 basis. Such reports shall include corrective action plans. For purposes  
45 of this subsection and subsection (c) of this section, "corrective action  
46 plan" means a plan that implements strategies that reduce the risk of  
47 similar events occurring in the future. Said plan shall measure the  
48 effectiveness of such strategies by addressing the implementation,  
49 oversight and time lines of such strategies. Failure to implement a  
50 corrective action plan may result in disciplinary action by the

51 Commissioner of Public Health, pursuant to section 19a-494.]

52 [(e)] (c) The Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations,  
53 in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this  
54 section. Such regulations shall include, but shall not be limited to, a list  
55 of adverse events that are in addition to those contained in the  
56 National Quality Forum's List of Serious Reportable Events and a  
57 prescribed form for the reporting of adverse events pursuant to  
58 [subsections (c) and (d)] subsection (b) of this section. The  
59 commissioner may require the use of said form prior to the adoption of  
60 said regulations.

61 [(f)] (d) On or before [March] October first annually, the  
62 commissioner shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section  
63 11-4a, on adverse event reporting, to the joint standing committee of  
64 the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public  
65 health.

66 [(g)] (e) Information collected pursuant to this section shall not be  
67 [required to be] disclosed pursuant to subsection (a) of section 1-210, as  
68 amended, [for a period of six months from the date of submission of  
69 the written report required pursuant to subsection (c) of this section  
70 and] at any time, and information collected pursuant to this section  
71 shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery or introduced into  
72 evidence in any judicial or administrative proceeding except as  
73 otherwise specifically provided by law. Nothing in this section shall be  
74 construed to limit access to or disclosure of investigative files,  
75 including any adverse event report contained in such files, maintained  
76 by the department as otherwise provided in section 19a-499.

77 (f) If the department determines that it will initiate an investigation  
78 of an adverse event that has been reported, such investigation may  
79 include review by one or more practitioners with clinical expertise of  
80 the type involved in the reported adverse event.

81 [(h)] (g) The Quality of Care Advisory Committee established  
82 pursuant to section 19a-127l shall establish methods for informing the

83 public regarding access to the department's consumer and regulatory  
84 services.

85       Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2004*) (a) For purposes of this section:

86       (1) "Patient safety organization" means any public or private  
87 organization, or component of any such organization, whose primary  
88 activity is to improve patient safety and the quality of health care  
89 delivery for patients receiving care through the collection, aggregation,  
90 analysis or processing of medical or health care-related information  
91 submitted to it by health care providers; and

92       (2) "Patient safety work product" means any information,  
93 documentation or communication, including, but not limited to,  
94 reports, records, memoranda, analyses, statements, root cause  
95 analyses, protocols or policies that (A) a health care provider or health  
96 care institution prepares exclusively for the purpose of disclosing to a  
97 patient safety organization, (B) is created by a patient safety  
98 organization, or (C) contains the deliberations or analytical process of a  
99 patient safety organization or between a patient safety organization  
100 and health care providers participating in the evaluation of patient  
101 care.

102       (b) (1) Any private or public organization or a component of any  
103 private or public organization may apply to the Department of Public  
104 Health to be designated as a patient safety organization.

105       (2) The department may designate as a patient safety organization  
106 each applicant that (A) has a mission statement indicating its primary  
107 purpose is to conduct activities to improve patient safety, (B) has  
108 qualified staff and professionals capable of reviewing and producing  
109 patient safety work product, (C) is not a component of a health insurer  
110 or other entity that provides health insurance to individuals or group  
111 health plans, and (D) certifies that its mission does not create a conflict  
112 of interest with the health care providers who will submit patient  
113 safety work product to it. Each hospital or outpatient surgical facility  
114 shall seek to work with one or more patient safety organizations as

115 they become available. The department shall assist hospitals and  
116 outpatient surgical facilities in developing working relationships with  
117 patient safety organizations.

118 (c) A health care provider or institution shall enter into a written  
119 contract with each patient safety organization to which it sends patient  
120 safety work product. Each contract shall require the provider or  
121 institution to maintain a document log itemizing the types of  
122 documents submitted to patient safety organizations without  
123 indicating the content of such documents. Such document log shall be  
124 accessible to the department for the sole purpose of allowing the  
125 department to verify the type of information submitted to patient  
126 safety organizations. The department shall not have access to patient  
127 safety work product. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 1-  
128 210, as amended, 1-211 and 1-213 of the general statutes, such  
129 document log shall not be subject to disclosure to, or use by, any  
130 person or entity, other than the patient safety organization and the  
131 provider or institution with which it has contracted, and by the  
132 department for the purposes provided in this subsection.

133 (d) A patient safety organization shall, as appropriate, disseminate  
134 to health care providers, the department, the Quality of Care Advisory  
135 Committee, as established by 19a-127l of the general statutes, and the  
136 public, information or recommendations, including suggested  
137 policies, procedures or protocols, on best medical practices or  
138 potential system changes designed to improve patient safety and  
139 the overall quality of care.

140 (e) A patient safety organization shall have in place appropriate  
141 safeguards and security measures to ensure the technical integrity and  
142 physical safety of any patient safety work product. Patient safety  
143 work product shall be confidential, and shall not be subject to any  
144 discovery, access or use by any person or entity other than the patient  
145 safety organization and the provider or institution with which the  
146 patient safety organization has contracted. Patient safety work  
147 product, if submitted to a public or governmental organization, shall

148 not be subject to the provisions of section 1-210, as amended, 1-211 or  
149 1-213 of the general statutes. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a  
150 patient safety organization from choosing to disclose patient safety  
151 work product, or portions of patient safety work product, in  
152 conformity with its mission and within its contractual obligations to  
153 the provider submitting the information. No patient safety  
154 organization may release protected health information or patient  
155 identifying information without meeting the requirements of state  
156 laws and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability  
157 Act of 1996, as amended from time to time.

158 (f) A provider's disclosure of patient safety work product to a  
159 patient safety organization shall not modify, limit or waive any  
160 existing privilege or confidentiality protection.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2004</i>
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2004</i>

***Statement of Legislative Commissioners:***

Subsection (a) of section 1 was split into two subdivisions so substantive provision is not within definition. Subsection (c) of section 1 was rearranged for clarity, placing the definition of "corrective action plan" in subsection (a) and placing the sentence regarding failure to implement a corrective action plan at the end of the new subsection (b).

***PH***        *Joint Favorable Subst.*